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OCTOBER 15, 2021

FACT SHEET: Biden Administration Roadmap to Build an Economy Resilient to Climate Change Impacts



Agency Actions Will Protect Retirement Plans, Homeowners, Consumers, Businesses and Supply Chains, Workers, and the Federal Government from Financial Risks of Climate Change

Today, the Biden-Harris Administration released a comprehensive, government-wide strategy > to measure, disclose, manage and mitigate the systemic risks climate change poses to American families, businesses, and the economy – building on actions already taken by the Biden-Harris Administration including just this week: a redesigned National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)

Climate.gov site > to better connect Americans to climate explainers, data dashboards, and classroom-ready teaching resources; the

Department of Labor's new proposed rule > to safeguard life savings and pensions from climate risk; as well as the Federal Acquisition

Council's advanced notice of proposed rulemaking > to consider greenhouse gas emissions when making procurement decisions.

This year alone, extreme weather has upended the U.S. economy and affected one in three Americans. Both international and domestic supply chains have been disrupted by climate change – whether it's floods in China and Texas, or wildfires that have burned nearly six million acres of land, supply chains across critical industries including housing, construction, semiconductors, and agriculture have been affected, causing delays and shortages for both consumers and businesses. American families are paying the costs. Extreme weather has cost Americans an additional \$600 billion in physical and economic damages over the past five years alone. Climate-related risks hidden in workers' retirement plans have already cost American retirees billions in lost pension dollars. Climate change poses a systemic risk to our economy and our financial system, and we must take decisive action to mitigate its impacts.

By addressing the costs of the climate crisis head-on, the federal government will safeguard the life savings of workers and families, spur the creation of good-paying, union jobs, and ensure the long-term sustainability of U.S. economic prosperity. The roadmap makes clear that protecting the financial health of American households, deploying

clean energy in United States, and building an economy from the bottom-up and the middle-out go hand-in-hand.

The Administration's whole-of-government strategy includes six main pillars to achieve the goals of the President's May 2021 Executive Order on Climate-Related Financial Risks, including several major announcements this week demonstrating concrete actions to protect American families, the federal government, and the economy from climate-related financial risk:

Promoting the resilience of the U.S.financial system to climaterelated financial risks.

- A forthcoming report from the Financial Stability Oversight Council (FSOC) will kick off the first step in a robust process of U.S. financial regulators developing the capacity and analytical tools to mitigate climate-related financial risks.
- The Treasury Department's Federal Insurance Office has launched a
 process to address climate-related risks in the insurance sector, with
 a focus on assessing the availability and affordability of insurance
 coverage in high-risk areas for traditionally underserved
 communities.
- Consistent with its statutory mandate, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) staff is developing recommendations to the Commission for a mandatory disclosure rule for public issuers that is intended to bring greater clarity to investors about the material risks and opportunities that climate change poses to their investments. This rule is expected to be proposed in the coming months.

Protecting life savings and pensions from climate-related financial risk.

- This week, the Department of Labor announced it is proposing a rule that protects workers' hard-earned life savings by making clear that investment managers can consider climate change and other ESG factors in making investment decisions. The proposed rule which, if finalized, would help safeguard the more than half of American workers who participate in a retirement plan through their job, representing over 140 million Americans and more than \$12 trillion in retirement savings and pensions would protect workers by making sure that retirement managers don't turn a blind eye to climate risks and other important factors. It would also make clear that retirement managers can take important environmental, social, and governance factors into account when making investment decisions, so that workers can share in the gains that come from sustainable investments.
- The Department of Labor is also working to protect the nearly 6.5
 million participants in the Thrift Savings Plan the largest definedbenefit contribution plan in the world by analyzing how to further
 factor in climate-related risks.

Using federal procurement to address climate-related financial risk.

The FAR Council is also actively exploring an amendment to federal
procurement regulations that would improve the disclosure of
greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) in federal contracting and set
science-based GHG targets. By identifying and mitigating climate
risks through procurement, the Federal government is leading by
example, deploying public procurement policy as a tool to
strategically shape markets and promote a more resilient economy.

Incorporating climate-related financial risk into federal financial management and budgeting.

- OMB, federal agencies, and the Federal Accounting Standards
 Advisory Board are taking steps to develop robust climate-related
 risk assessments and disclosure requirements for federal agencies.
- Next year, the Fiscal Year 2023 President's Budget will include an
 assessment of the Federal Government's climate risk exposure and
 impacts on the long-term budget outlook, along with additional
 assessments.
- In addition, agencies will further incorporate climate-related financial risk in both the Budget and agency financial reports to increase transparency and promote accountability.

Incorporating climate-related financial risk intofederal lending and underwriting.

- The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), the
 Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), the Department of Agriculture
 (USDA), and the Treasury Department are each working to enhance
 their federal underwriting and lending program standards to better
 address the climate-related financial risks to their loan portfolios,
 while ensuring the safety and security of communities most
 impacted by climate change.
- HUD is working to meet the challenges that climate change poses to American homes, beginning by identifying options to incorporate climate-related considerations into the origination of single-family mortgages.
- The VA, which has nearly \$913 billion in loan volume outstanding to U.S. Veterans, is conducting a review of climate-related impacts to its home loan benefit program.
- USDA is addressing climate risk in its own single-family guaranteed loan programs, with the goal of applying lessons learned across its entire range of loan programs.

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Building resilient infrastructure and communities

- This week, the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)
 began the process of updating its National Flood Insurance Program
 (NFIP) standards to help communities align their construction and
 land use practices with the latest data on flood risk reduction.
 Through a new Request for Information, FEMA will gather
 stakeholder input to make communities more resilient and save
 lives, homes, and money through potential revisions to standards
 that have not been formally updated since 1976.
- In addition, agencies have come together to build resilience from other types of more severe and extreme weather events, such as heat waves, droughts, storms, and wildfires.
- Also this week, the National Ocean and Atmospheric Administration
 (NOAA) released a suite of products to make the Federal
 government's climate information more accessible to Americans.
 NOAA upgraded its website to make it easier for governments,
 communities, and businesses to access the data they need to prepare
 for and adapt to climate risks. And Federal agencies also delivered
 two reports that lay out a comprehensive plan to further increase
 open-access delivery of climate tools and services for the public.
- More than 20 agencies released climate adaptation and resilience
 plans to safeguard federal investments and taxpayer dollars from
 the costs of climate change. The plans reflect President Biden's
 whole-of-government approach to confronting the climate crisis as
 agencies integrate climate-readiness across their missions and
 programs and strengthen the resilience of federal assets from the
 accelerating impacts of climate change.

These steps will help safeguard the life savings of workers and families, spur the creation of good-paying jobs, and ensure the long-term sustainability of U.S. economic prosperity in the decades to come. Together, they will help usher in a new era where climate-related financial risks are thoroughly understood – where they are measured, disclosed, managed, and mitigated across the economy to the benefit of American workers, families, and businesses.

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A Proclamation on National Forest Products Week, 2021

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